SREE NARAYANA TRAINING COLLEGE, NEDUNGANDA SAMPLE EVIDENCE SHOWING THE TASKS FOR DEVELOPING ADEQUATE SKILLS IN STUDENTS FOR EFFECTIVE USE OF ICT FOR THE TEACHING LEARNING PROCESS

1. Preparation of Lesson Plans

Sample ICT integrated lesson plan

LESSON PLAN NO.: 5						
Name of the Teacher: Swathy J. P. Subject : Science Unit : Sound Subunit : Pitch of Sound	Name of the School: G.H.S.S., AttingalStd. & Div.: IX. B.Duration: 40 minutesDate: 11-01-2022					

CURRICULAR STATEMENT

 Through experimentation, observation and discussion, the students acquire an awareness about the pitch of sound and its applications in daily life.

The students get evaluated through their participation in group activities, presentation and experimentation skills.

CONTENT ANALYSIS

Terms: Medium, air, pitch, frequency, vibration, high pitch, low pitch

1. Sound requires a medium to travel. Facts:

2. Pitch is a characteristic of sound.

3. Frequency increases with the vibration of the source.

4. Pitch increases with frequency.

5. Objects of different sizes and conditions vibrate at different frequencies.

6. Different objects produce sounds of different pitch.

7. A high pitch sound corresponds to a high frequency sound wave.

8. A low pitch sound corresponds to a low frequency sound wave.

9. The unit of pitch is hertz or cycles per second.

Concept: Pitch of sound and its applications

Definition: Pitch- Pitch of sound is the quality of a sound governed by the rate of vibrations producing it

Processes: 1. Framing slogans on creating awareness on the damages caused by very high-pitched sound

2. Constructing concept maps on the concept 'pitch'

LEARNING OBJECTIVE GRID

Objective	Anticipated Mental	Product Outcomes	
Агеа	Processes/ Action Verbs		
Remembering	Finds	Terms, Facts, Concept	
	Recognises	Terms, Facts	
Understanding	Classifies	Terms, Facts, Concept	
	Summarises	Facts, Concept	
Applying	Identifies	Terms, Facts, Concept	
Analysing	Contrasts	Terms, Facts, Concept	
Evaluating	Judges	Terms, Facts, Concept, Definition	
	Opines	Terms, Facts	
	Perceives	Terms, Facts, Concept	
	Composes	Concept, Processes	
Creating	Constructs	Terms, Facts, Concept, Definition, Processes	

TEACHING-LEARNING RESOURCES

Video playing violin, plano and flute simultaneously, activity sheets, computer graphics to illustrate high pitch and low pitch sounds, and computer graphics to illustrate the damages caused by very high-pitched sounds on hearing, augmented reality video on the roaring of a gorilla.

ATTITUDES TO BE DEVELOPED

Curiosity, honesty, open-mindedness, creativity

PROCESS SKILLS TO BE ATTAINED

Observing, communicating, inferring, interpreting data

PUBLIC UNDERSTANDING OF SCIENCE (PUS) DOMAIN

Harmful effects of very high- pitched sounds

EXPECTED PRODUCT

Activity sheet showing the

a) definition of pitch

PIN: 695307

b) waveforms and characteristics of both low pitch and high pitch sounds

high pitch and low pitch sounds in everyday life

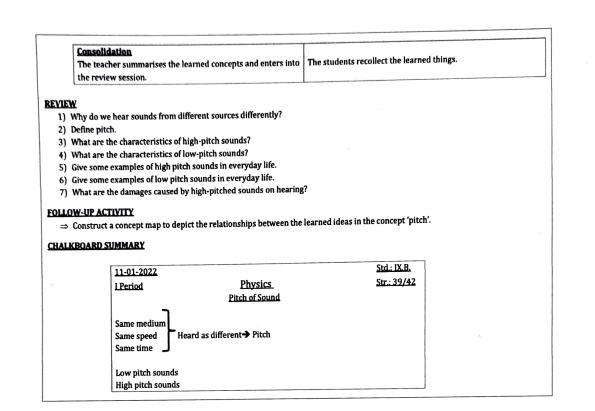
ing an awareness on the need for keeping people away from very high-pitched sounds

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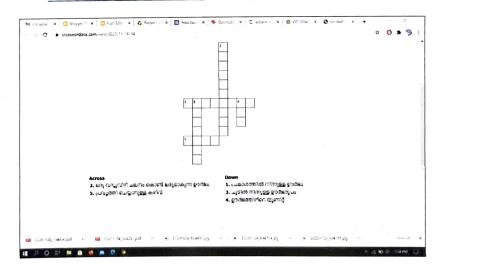
			period of a sound wave, and their relationships with each other. Expected Pupil Response	
Internetion	Classroom Interaction Procedure		that the sounds	
The teacher plays a video in which a violin, plano and flute are played at the same time. The teacher then asks:		travel through the same medium, that is, an arrive at their ear at the same time, and arrive at their ear at the same time, and		
Are there any differences in	Are there any differences in the sounds we receive?		are different due to difference in pitch.	
Presentation The teacher divides the students into groups with 5-7 students in each group and provides activity sheets for each group, provided with the following statement for the definition of pitch and motivates the students to identify and correct the errors, if any, in groups, and rewrite the correct		The students detect the error and write the correct definition as 'Pitch is the quality of sound governed by the rate of vibrations producing it'		
producing it'	Pitch is the quality of sound governed by the rate of stillness producing it' The teacher asks the students to record the characteristics of low pitch and high pitch sounds in the activity sheet provided earlier.		A sample activity sheet answered by the students, based on	
low pitch and high pitch s earlier.				
LOW PITCH SOUND	HIGH PITCH SOUND	LOW PITCH SOUND	Characteristics:	
Characteristics: oscillations frequency wavelength	oscillations frequency wavelength	Slow oscillations Low frequency High wavelength	Rapid oscillations High frequency Low wavelength	
high nitch and low nitch sounds	in everyday life in a shuffleu	The students categorise activity sheet as follows		
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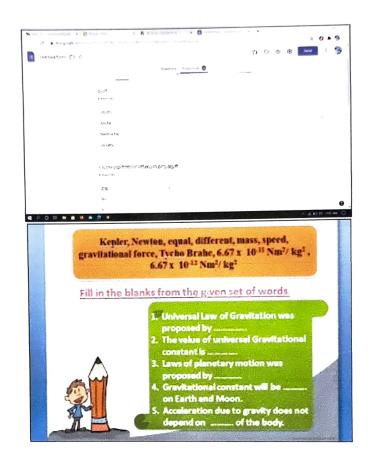
2. Developing Assessment Tools for both Online and Offline Learning



Assessment Tools like Google Form, Crosswordlabs etc. used

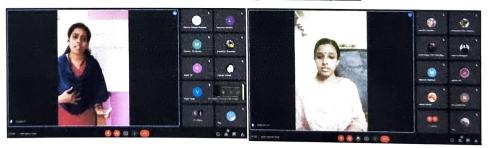




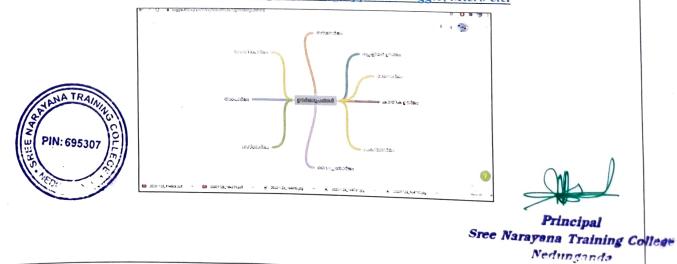


3. Effective Use of Social Media/ Learning Apps/ Adaptive Devices for Learning

Online class in the Google Meet Platform

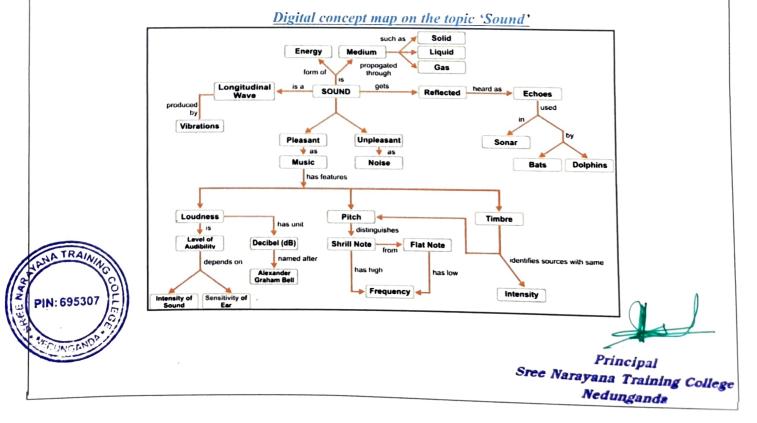


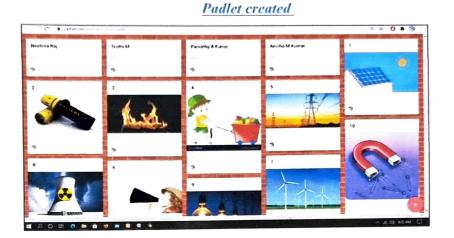
Content Transaction through Learning Apps like Coggle, Micro etc.





4. Identifying and Selecting/ Developing Online Learning Resources



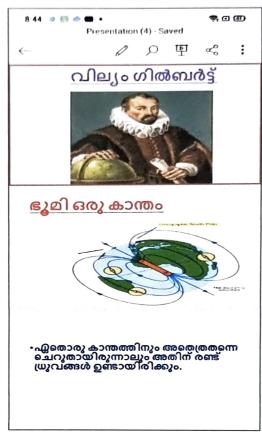


Videos made by students to deliver the content



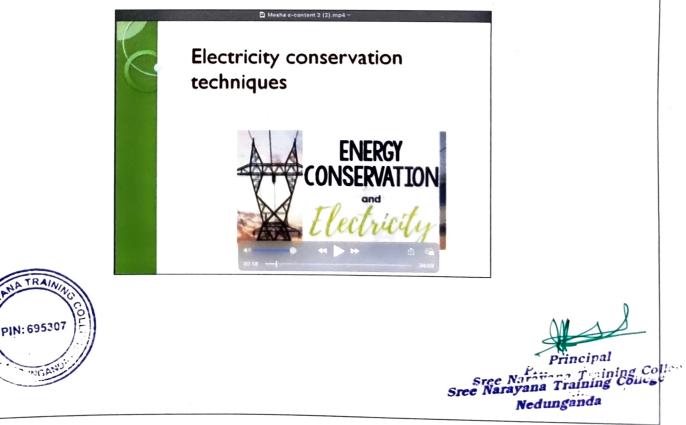


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Online Content Transaction through PPTs

5. Evolving Learning Sequences (learning activities) for Online as well as Face-to-Face Situations



ACTION SCRIPT OF E-CONTENT DEVELOPED Topic: Energy Conservation

Topic: Energy Conservation Duration: 4 m 9 s Prepared by Mesha R.

SI. No.	Video	Audio
1	Slide showing text 'Awareness programme on energy conservation'.	Music
2	Teacher's presentation and slide showing electricity conservation techniques.	In order to conserve electricity in the home, and schools there is the huge needfor us to use electricity more efficiently. Indeed, this is a corporate as well as an individual responsibility
3	Teacher's presentation and slide which describes lighting	Replace your standard lights with CFLs. Clean your light bulb frequently. Layersof dust can absorb up to 30% of the light from the lamps. Switch off lights in room, toilets, bathrooms when not in use.
4	Teacher's presentation and slide showing picture to switch off light and bulb	Please switch off the light and fan beforeyou leave.
5	Teachers' presentation and Slide showing electric iron box.	To make maximum use of electricity for ironing, please iron garments in bulk. Remember to turn the iron off when youhave finished ironing. Remove the plug from the socket
6	Teacher's presentation and slide showing air conditioner	All the windows and doors to an air-conditioned room must be as tight as possible to prevent hot air from entering the room. To allow free circulation of air,don't place objects in front of the unit. Avoid direct sunlight into the room, use curtains or reflective glaze.
7	Teacher's presentation and slide showing refrigerator	The efficiency of the refrigerator depends on how efficiently it removes heat from thebox into the surroundings and how long it can keep its contents cool. Keep refrigerators away from direct sunlight. Clean the coils at the back of the refrigerator as often as possible. Dirt buildsup makes the refrigerator waste energy. Don't put the refrigerator close to a hotobject. Decide what you want from therefrigerator before you open it.
8	Teacher's presentation and slide showing mobile chargers.	Mobile phone chargers could also consume up to 10 watts if left on, even though thephone may not be connected
9	Slide showing text of thank you	Music



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